Atovaquone/Proguanil Malaria Prophylaxis	Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine
	Atovaquone/Proguanil
	Adult Dose: a combination of 250mg Atovaquone and 100mg Proguanil hydrochloride, 1 tablet daily
	<ul> <li>Atovaquone/Proguanil should be taken 1-2 days before you arrive in a malarious area, continue whilst you are there and for 7 days after you leave as recommended by the UK Advisory Committee on Malaria Prevention for UK travellers. Tablets should be taken at the same time each day ideally with food or a milky drink.</li> <li>Atovaquone/proguanil is <b>unsuitable</b> if you: <ul> <li>Are pregnant or breast feeding (although occasionally offered if no suitable alternative)</li> <li>Are allergic to Proguanil (Paludrine) or atovaquone</li> <li>Weigh less than 40kg</li> <li>Have severe kidney problems or have renal dialysis treatment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Atovaquone/Proguanil is licensed for trips up to 4 weeks. However, it is considered safe to use up to 12 months according to UK malaria guidelines and possibly longer in certain circumstances. There is no evidence of harm in long term use.
	Drug interactions include: magnesium salts, pyrimethamine, metoclopramide (maxolon), tetracyclin rifampicin, rifabutin, efavirenz, zidovudine, boosted protease inhibitors (HIV drugs), etoposide, warfarin and acenocoumarol (nicoumalone)- this list is not exhaustive check: <u>https://bnf.nice.org.uk/interaction/</u>
	<ul> <li>Effectiveness: atovaquone/proguanil is effective at preventing severe (falciparum) malaria. For effective prevention you must take the full course of tablets.</li> <li>Side effects include: abdominal pain, sleep disorders decreased appetite, cough, depression, dizziness fever, headache and nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and skin rashes.</li> <li>If you are unable to tolerate atovaquone/ proguanil you should change to a suitable alternative drug for malaria prevention.</li> <li>Children can be prescribed paediatric atovaquone/ proguanil tablets on an individual basis. The dose is calculated according to weight. The child should weigh at least 5kg.</li> </ul>
	No antimalaria tablet is 100% effective, careful mosquito bite preventions are important. If you have any flu like illness or fever a week after arriving in a malarious area and for up to 1 year later, it is important to seek medica
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